



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Level

ACCOUNTING**9706/43**

Paper 4 Problem Solving (Supplementary Topics)

October/November 2010**2 hours**

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer **all** questions.

All accounting statements are to be presented in good style. Workings should be shown.

You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



This document consists of **6** printed pages and **2** blank page.



1 Boris and Cheong are in partnership. Their partnership agreement allows:

- Interest on fixed capital accounts at 6%.
- Interest on total annual drawings to be charged at 8%.
- Residual profits to be shared in the ratio 3 : 2 respectively.

A draft income statement (profit and loss account) for the year ended 31 December 2009 showed a net profit of \$72 000.

The draft balance sheet at 31 December 2009 revealed the following information:

		\$
Capital account balances	Boris	100 000
	Cheong	90 000
Current account balances	Boris	9 908 Cr
	Cheong	22 092 Cr
Drawings for the year	Boris	22 000
	Cheong	20 000

After the draft income statement (profit and loss account) and balance sheet had been prepared it was discovered that:

- Interest on fixed capital account balances had been calculated at 8%.
- Interest on drawings had been calculated at 6%.
- Residual profits had been calculated at 2 : 3 respectively.

REQUIRED

(a) Calculate the opening balances on the partners' current accounts at **1 January 2009**. [8]

The following errors were also discovered after the preparation of the draft financial statements:

- 1 Depreciation for the year of \$16 000 had been correctly entered in the depreciation of non-current (fixed) assets account in the general ledger but had been entered in the income statement (profit and loss account) as \$1600.
- 2 A cash sale of a non-current (fixed) asset for \$1000 had been omitted from the books of account. The asset had originally cost \$6000 and had been depreciated by \$4500.
- 3 Goods sold for \$3500 on credit had been correctly entered in the debtor's account but had been debited to the sales returns account twice.
- 4 The total of the discount received account, \$300, had been treated as revenue expenditure.
- 5 A family holiday for Boris costing \$3400 had been included as marketing expenses.

- 6 The books of account contained a provision for doubtful debts of 3% on 1 January 2009, based on trade debtors of \$41 000.

At the end of the financial year trade debtors had increased by \$3000.

However, none of the following items had been entered in the books of account during the year ended 31 December 2009.

A bad debt of \$500.

A bad debt of \$350 written off in the year ended 31 December 2008 was partially recovered. The debtor paid 60% of the debt.

The provision for doubtful debts was to be adjusted to 5% of closing trade debtors.

REQUIRED

- (b) Calculate the corrected net profit for the year ended 31 December 2009. [10]
- (c) Prepare an appropriation account for the year ended 31 December 2009 to show the division of profits between the partners. [8]
- (d) Prepare the partners' current accounts for the year ended 31 December 2009. [8]
- (e) Explain **two** reasons why a partner might wish to keep separate capital and current accounts. [6]

[Total: 40]

2 The following information is available for Sanaa Malik Ltd at 31 May 2010:

Gross profit ratio margin (gross profit percentage)	40%
Net profit ratio (net profit percentage)	15%
Rate of inventory turnover (stockturn)	1 month
Creditors' turnover (average payment period)	40 days
Debtors' turnover (average collection period)	45 days
Current ratio	2.5 : 1
Non-current (fixed) asset turnover	2 times

Additional information

- 1 Inventory (stock) at 1 June 2009 cost \$27 000.
- 2 Revenue (sales) for the year ended 31 May 2010 was \$870 000.
- 3 All ordinary goods purchased (purchases) were on credit.
- 4 50% of revenue (sales) was on credit.
- 5 Issued share capital at 31 May 2010 was:
 - 8% preference shares of \$1 each fully paid \$50 000.
 - Ordinary shares of \$1 each fully paid \$180 000.
- 6 6% debentures, repayable 2027, had been issued in 2007 for \$100 000.
- 7 Retained earnings at 31 May 2009 were \$93 733.
- 8 An ordinary share dividend of \$0.10 per share and the preference dividends for the year ended 31 May 2009 were both paid in the year ended 31 May 2010.
- 9 An ordinary share dividend of \$0.12 per share and the preference dividends for the year ended 31 May 2010 will both be paid in the year ended 31 May 2011.

REQUIRED

- (a) Prepare an income statement (profit and loss account) **and** appropriation account for the year ended 31 May 2010. [12]
- (b) Prepare a balance sheet at 31 May 2010. The balance at bank is a balancing figure. [13]
- (c) Calculate:
- (i) income gearing; [3]
 - (ii) the gearing ratio. [3]
- (d) Comment on the ratios calculated in (c) above. [3]
- (e) Comment on the liquidity position of the company. [6]

[Total: 40]

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.